UNICEF Gaza humanitarian cash transfer monthly bulletin – May 2025



Mohammed and other children, Deir el Balah, May 12, 2025.

- **Data collected in the 2nd week of May shows that another month of complete blockade to the entry of all goods into the Gaza Strip has further worsened an already dramatic market situation.** Many essential goods have now been completely unavailable for two months (e.g. meats, dairy products, most fuel), and some that in April 2025 were still to be found – albeit with difficulties and at extremely high prices – were not found anymore (milk and even flour in Khan Younis). Small local production has surprisingly sustained the limited availability of specific goods at very high prices, such as vegetables and even eggs which are being sold for 63 NIS (18 USD) for 6 units in the Gaza governorate.
- **Beyond availability, the worsening of prices was once again extreme**. As of the 2nd week of May 2025 , across all governorates the price of wheat flour increased between 450% and 709% compared to one month before. The price of sugar for the same period increased between 150% and 252% and the price of salt between 40% and 100%. Onions, tomatoes, and cucumbers cost between 125% and 1,100% more than in the third week of the last ceasefire period. Across all governorates, food prices are now significantly higher than in the harsh period right before the ceasefire (early January 2025 as comparison). The only category and governorate for which this is not the case are fresh vegetables in the North, and this is due to seasonality and the presence of small local production.
- **In the 3rd week of May, some limited amounts of goods were allowed entry into the Strip**, however at a pace that is just a tiny fraction of what is needed and compared to the one achieved during the ceasefire.
- Most families manage to hang on only by leveraging different sources of assistance: cash assistance - which remains the main one for surveyed respondents - in-kind assistance (including food from community kitchens), and charitable donations from other community members. These are often complemented with some work-related income. **In the current environment, all this together cannot come even close to respond to the needs of a family** – and this is confirmed both by the post distribution monitoring survey and by qualitative interviews.
- **Retailers' stock levels decreased further and are particularly worrying in the case of grains (rice and flour)**. Moreover, the fragility of the situation has an impact on security: 49% of the surveyed vendors are worried about robberies to them or their clients and 23% are afraid of looting. In February 2025 - during the last ceasefire period - these numbers were significantly lower (10% feared robberies and only 3% looting).
- Based on our market interviews, **30% of vendors accept digital transfers as a form of payment – and those who don't, mention the need to resupply through cash**. Acceptance of digital payments variates depending on the goods sold by the vendor. In the case of hygiene products 40% of vendors accept them, for baby needs products 45%, and for healthcare products 72%, and for communication items 40%.

This humanitarian cash transfer programme and the monitoring in the Gaza Strip have been made possible with generous support from the European Union Humanitarian Aid (ECHO) as well as people and Governments of Canada, Croatia, Norway, Sweden, Switzerland, the United Kingdom.

Operational background

Between May 10 and 15, 2025, UNICEF in collaboration with AWRAD has collected data across the Gaza Strip through market visits (n = 29) and vendors interviews (n = 241). The interviews covered different types and sizes of shops and stalls - a quarter of them had more than 100 clients daily. In each market, three different vendors were consulted per item to ensure data reliability and consistency (in some markets this has not been possible).

Over the same period a phone-based Post-Distribution Monitoring (PDM) survey was conducted with recipients of the cash assistance programme. 759 households who had received their digital cash assistance in the previous weeks completed the survey. The sample was randomly selected from UNICEF recipient lists and is representative of this cohort of cash recipients. The survey covered all governorates in Gaza Strip.

The distribution of respondents across governorates was the following: Gaza City (40%), Khan Younis (31%), Middle Area (10%), North Gaza (20%). No sufficient surveys were collected in Rafah to be considered for the analysis).

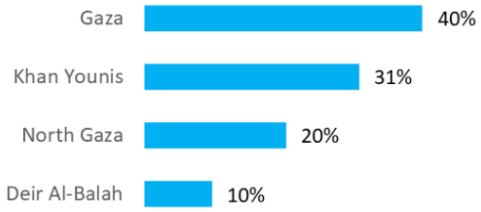


Figure 2: Distribution of PDM respondents across governorates)

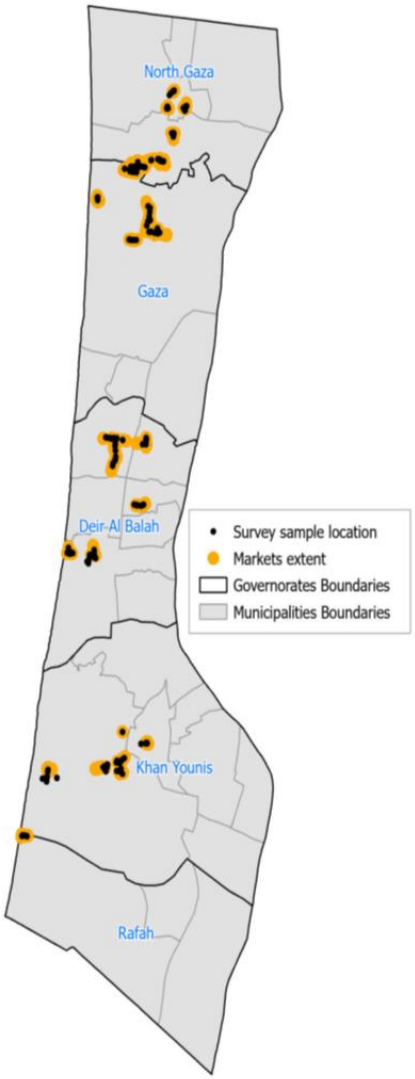
The current report combines insights from direct market observations, face-to-face surveys with retailers and from a phone-based post-distribution monitoring survey (PDM) with recipients of UNICEF's humanitarian cash assistance program. Throughout the ongoing phase of the conflict (since October 2023), markets in Gaza have remained at least partially functional despite recurring disruptions to the entry of commercial and humanitarian goods. Such disruptions have in turn caused sizeable fluctuations in the prices of goods on the market, with significant differences in magnitude depending on the specific category and item.

Following the ceasefire (from January 19,2025 to March 2 2025), the increased flow of goods allowed markets to recover, leading to improved availability and price stabilization.

However, a complete ban on the entry of goods and commodities was introduced on March 2,2025. Within two weeks only, this caused the prices of most categories of goods to significantly rise and even made many items unavailable in the markets (mostly perishable food items). The data collected between the 10th and 15th of May show the heavy impact of 10 weeks of blockade on the ability of families to access essential goods on the market: the list of items that are mostly unavailable became longer (including most fuel items, meat, dairy, eggs) and the prices of most of the other goods spiraled further upwards.

"During the ceasefire, we had access to almost all types of food at affordable prices. The supermarket was always full, and people were able to buy what they needed. Now, although some items are available, prices are so high that no one can afford them. The situation is getting worse by the day — people are starving."

Ahmed, a father of six and a supermarket worker.



Availability and prices

The Gaza Strip continues to experience a profound and widespread hyperinflation in the prices of food and non-food items. This hyperinflation is primarily attributed to the full closure of crossings and the ban on the entry of humanitarian and commercial goods, which have severely disrupted supply chains and caused scarcity across markets. The resulting impact is evident in the dramatic increase in commodity prices, particularly for essential goods.

In North Gaza Governorate, vegetable prices have surged significantly. Onion prices rose by 114% compared to mid-April and skyrocketed by 1,100% when compared to the third week of the ceasefire. Similarly, tomatoes increased by 78% from mid-April and by 433% compared to the third week of the ceasefire. Cucumber prices were up 39% relative to mid-April and by 150% since the third week of the ceasefire. Although potatoes showed a sharp 600% increase from mid-April, they decreased by 27% compared to the third week of the ceasefire, which can be likely attributed to the harvest of locally grown potatoes from accessible lands.

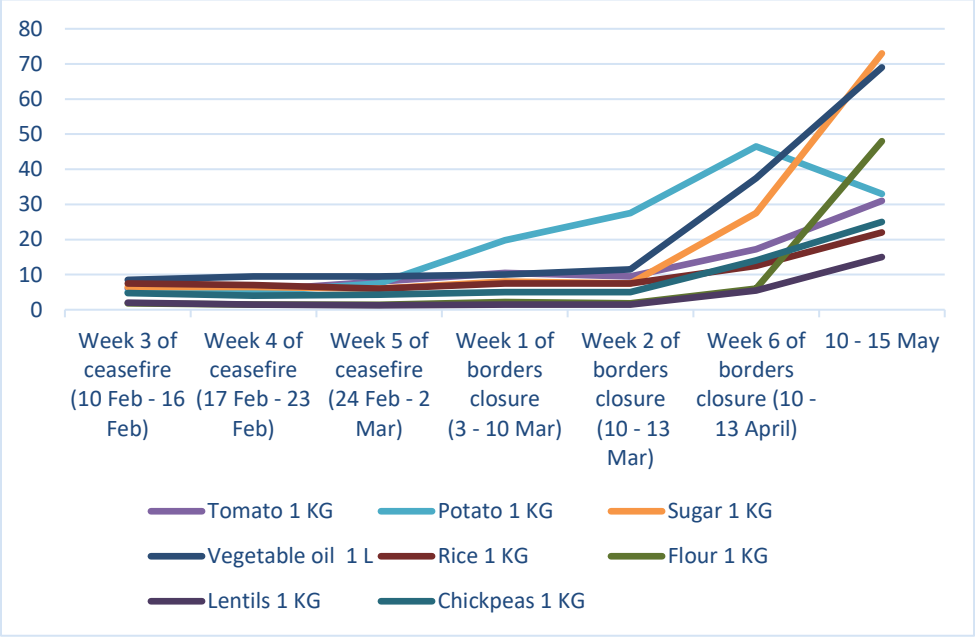


Limited locally grown vegetables, Gaza City, May 12, 2025

The prices of other food items either showed dramatic increases or the items were completely unavailable in the market. For example, red and white meat, eggs, and milk were not available. Canned tuna prices doubled (100% increase) from mid-April and increased by 600% compared to the third week of the ceasefire. Salt saw a 79% increase from mid-April and a 1,150% rise compared to the third week of the ceasefire. Sugar and vegetable oil prices also escalated, with increases of 971% and 678% respectively compared to the third week of the ceasefire. Wheat flour experienced the most dramatic spikes, increasing by 709% compared to mid-April and by 2,129% compared to the third week of the ceasefire.

Prices of non-food items also increased, though to a lesser extent. Dishwashing liquid rose by 100% compared to the third week of the ceasefire but declined by 11% compared to mid-April. Baby diaper prices went up by 170% relative to the third week of the ceasefire and by 27% compared to mid-April.

Figure 3: Selected food Items Prices in The Northern Governorates (ILS)



In Gaza Governorate, similar inflation patterns were observed. Onion prices increased by 173% compared to mid-April and by 1,100%

compared to the third week of the ceasefire. Tomatoes rose by 82% and 400% respectively, while cucumbers increased by 32% from mid-April and by 125% compared to the third week of the ceasefire. Potato prices surged by 530% compared to to the third week of the ceasefire but declined by 30% compared mid-April, again likely due to local availability.

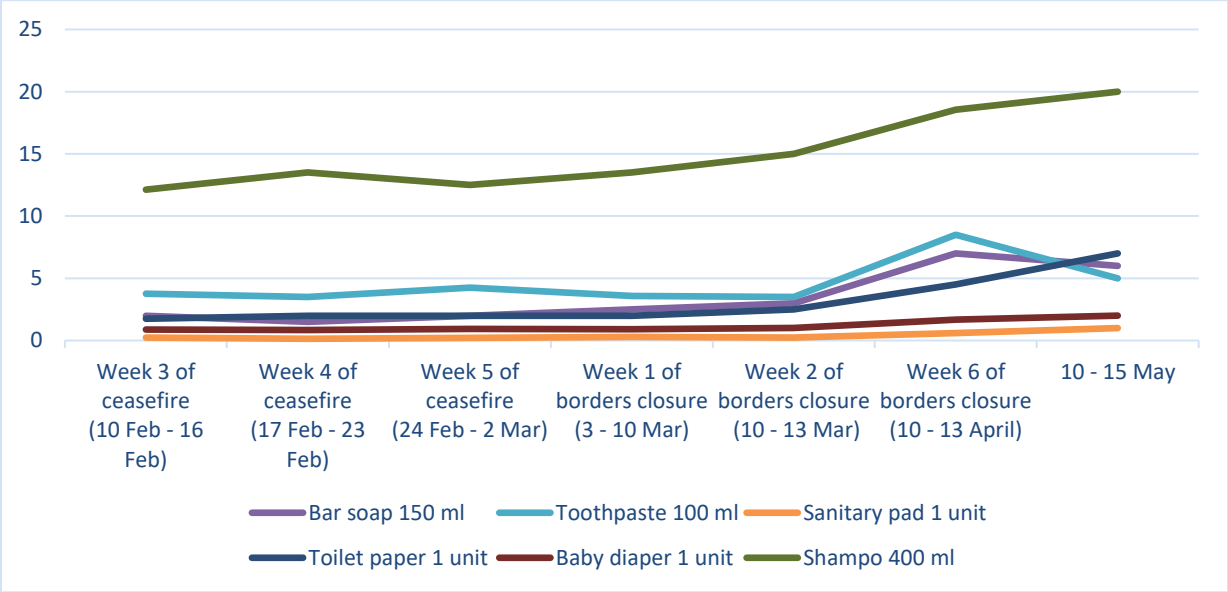
Red and white meat, yogurt, and milk remained largely unavailable. Canned tuna prices increased by 88% from mid-April and by 650% compared to the third week of the ceasefire. Salt saw an increase of 100% compared to mid-April and an astonishing 1,700% compared to the third week of the ceasefire. Sugar and vegetable oil prices rose by 1,067% and 744%, respectively, compared to the third week. The wheat flour saw a 669% increase from mid-April and a 3,233% spike compared to the third week of the ceasefire.

Non-food items experienced mixed trends. Dishwashing liquid increased by 25% compared to the third week of the ceasefire but dropped by 55% compared to mid-April. Baby diapers surged by 173% compared to the third week and by 64% compared to mid-April.



Price of an onion in shekels, Gaza City, May 15, 2025

Figure 4: Selected Non-Food Items Prices in The Northern Governorates (ILS)

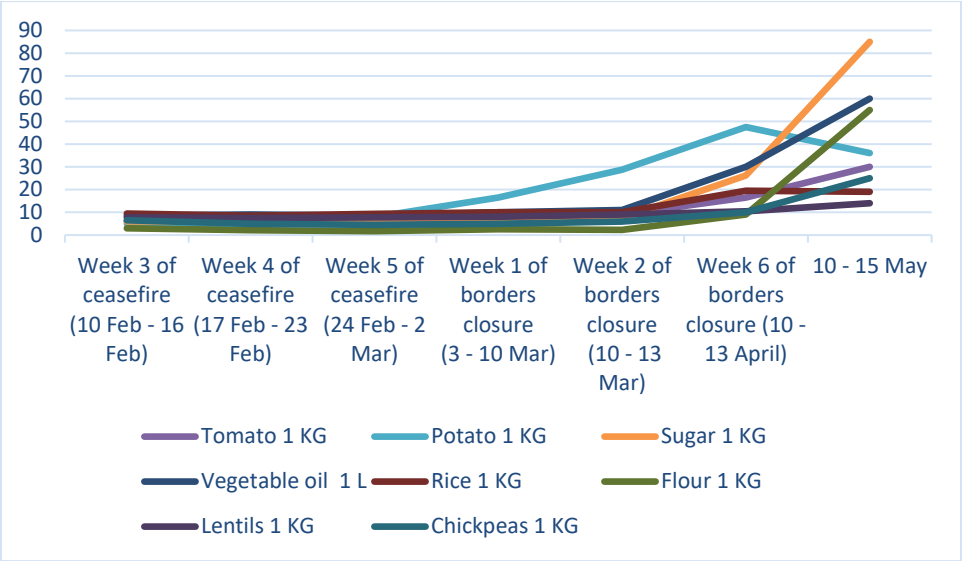


In Deir Al Balah Governorate, vegetable prices continued to rise. Onions increased by 161% from mid-April and by 1,100% from the third week of the ceasefire. Tomatoes rose by 79% and 336% respectively, cucumbers by 28% and 130%, and potatoes increased by 620% from the third week of the ceasefire but dropped by 28% compared to mid-April due to local harvests.

Essential food items such as meat, yogurt, eggs, and milk remained scarce. Canned tuna prices rose by 132% from mid-April and by 230% from the third week. Salt prices increased by 38% and 400%, respectively. Sugar and vegetable oil prices rose by 1,275% and 622% compared to the third week. Wheat flour spiked by 450% compared to mid-April and by 1,733% compared to the third week.

Among non-food items, bar soap prices increased by 43% from the third week of the ceasefire but dropped by 167% from mid-April. Baby diapers increased by 208% from the third week and by 125% from mid-April.

Figure 5: Selected food Items Prices in The Southern Governorates (ILS)

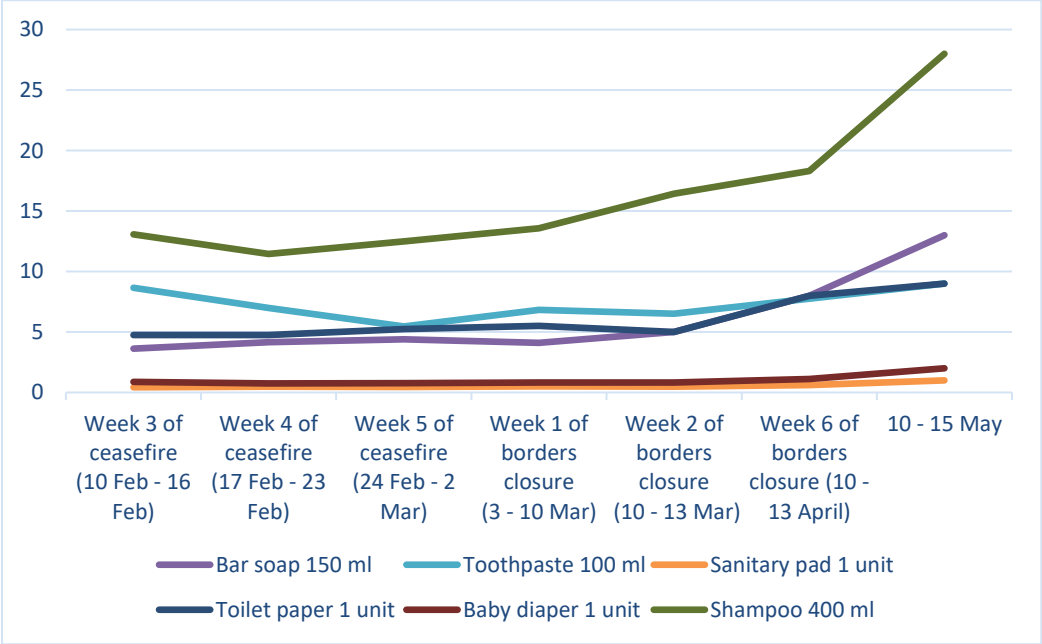


In Khan Younis Governorate, vegetable prices rose sharply. Onion prices increased by 200% from mid-April and by 1,100% from the third week of ceasefire. Tomatoes rose by 88% and 445%, cucumbers by 41% and 153%, and potatoes surged by 600% from the third week of the ceasefire but fell by 22% compared to mid-April, again due to the availability of locally grown produce.

Other key food items, such as wheat flour, red and white meat, yogurt, eggs, and milk were mostly unavailable. Canned tuna increased by 150% from mid-April and by 400% from the third week. Salt rose by 100% and 300%, sugar by 1,367%, and vegetable oil by 588% compared to the third week of the ceasefire.

Non-food items showed notable price movements. Bar soap prices increased by 54% compared to the third week but declined by 40% from mid-April. Baby diaper prices rose by 130% and 84% compared to the third week and mid-April, respectively.

Figure 6: Selected Non-Food Items Prices in The Southern Governorates (ILS)



Across the Gaza Strip, energy sources remain largely unavailable or are being sold at exorbitant black-market prices. Many households are now relying on firewood or burning debris and other materials as alternative energy sources.

The detailed prices data can be found in the Annex 2.

Stock – food items

At the time of data collection, vendors across the Gaza Strip reported low, very low, or no stock levels for most monitored food items. Such stock levels were more frequently reported across all food categories, reflecting the ongoing impact of restricted access, supply chain disruptions, and conflict-related challenges.

Grain items showed particularly high levels of depletion. Flour was reported as unavailable by 91% of vendors, while 40% reported very low levels of rice and 30% reported no rice in stock. Availability of fresh produce was similarly limited: very low stock levels were reported by over 60% of vendors for cucumbers, potatoes, tomatoes, and eggplants. Stock-out levels for onions reached 36%.

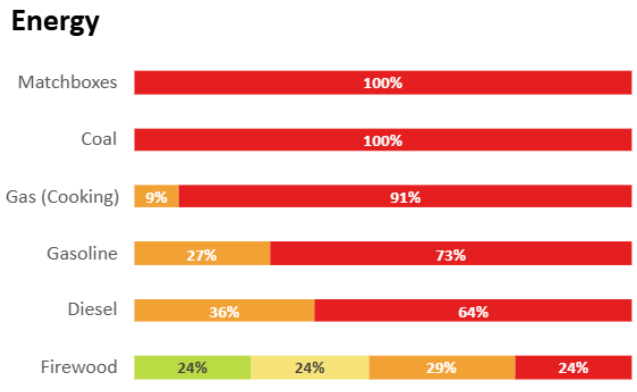
Among pulses and nuts, availability was critically low. No stock was reported by 85% of vendors for both tahini and dried fava beans. Dried white beans were out of stock in 56% of shops, while 41% reported no availability of chickpeas. Additionally, beef, chicken, and turkey meat, and eggs were not available at all in any of the assessed locations.

These findings underscore the fragility of the local market system and the urgent need for coordinated humanitarian assistance to restore access to essential food items and stabilize vendor supply capacity in the Gaza Strip.

Stock – non-food items

The level of stock for non-food items remains critically low across the Gaza Strip, with baby care items, hygiene supplies, and energy sources showing significant depletion. Baby formula was reported as having no stock by 64% of vendors, and one-third reported no stock of baby diapers. Hygiene products also showed widespread shortages: bar soap, detergent, and toilet paper were reported as having no stock by 30–58% of vendors, and 67% had no stock of hand sanitizer.

In the energy sector, stock levels are extremely limited. Coal and matchboxes were completely out of stock across all assessed shops, while more than 70% of vendors reported no stock of gasoline or diesel. These findings reflect the deterioration of basic supply chains in Gaza and highlight the urgent need for sustained humanitarian support to improve access to essential non-food commodities



Considering both food and non-food items, 63% of interviewed vendors indicated that their supply levels have further decreased significantly over the past two weeks, and 28% slightly.

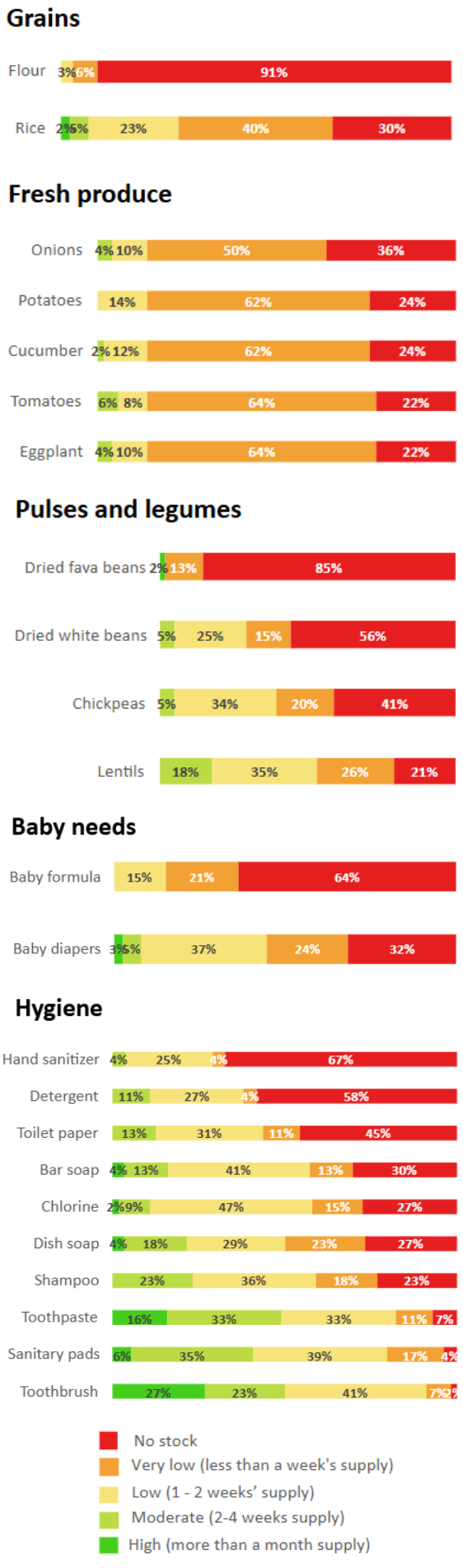
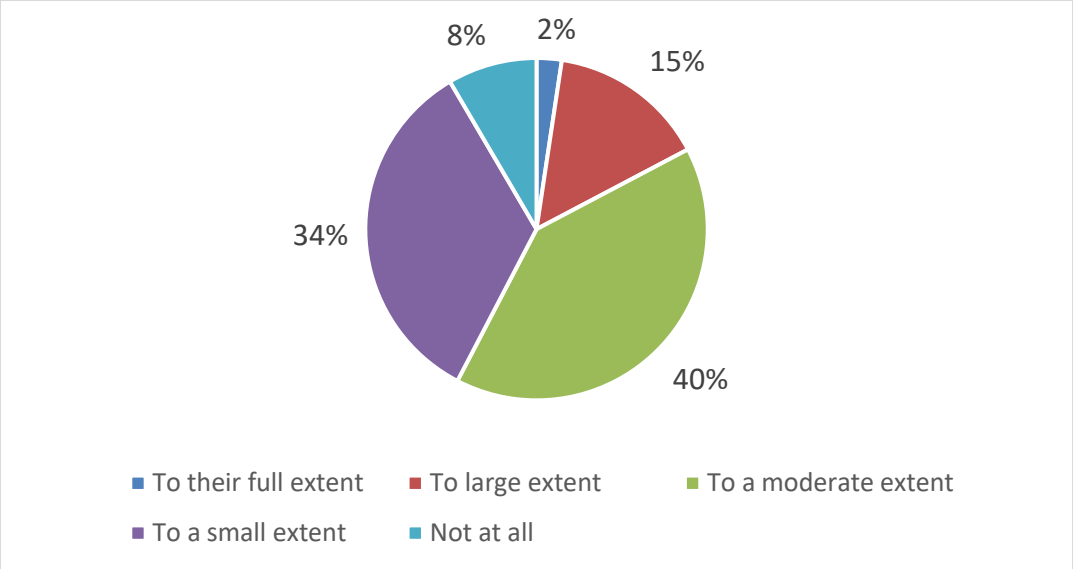


Figure 7: Stock Levels

Utilization of cash assistance

Meeting Households Needs. As in previous data collection rounds, respondents surveyed as part of the cash assistance programme's monitoring indicated that UNICEF's cash assistance was important in helping them meet their household's essential needs – even in the current context of high prices and limited availability. Overall, 17% of recipients reported that the assistance helped them to a great extent or to the full extent of their needs, while 40% stated it was moderately helpful in meeting their needs. Compared to April, a further worsening of this indicator was detected (increase of 4 percentage points in "to a small extent"). This is in line with the further worsening in market conditions. However, the percentage answering "not at all" barely changed

Figure 8: The Extent to which cash assistance helped households meet their essential needs



Households Spending. PDM findings highlight that food items remain among the most frequent expenditures - and food overall as a category remains the largest one. A large portion of spending is also directed toward essential non-food needs: the most frequently mentioned non-food expenditures were medicines (28%), followed hygiene products (27%) and clothing (22%).

Table 1: Expenditure of cash on items

Item	%	Average ILS	Max	Min
Food	84%	523	1000	20
Healthcare	28%	207	780	15
Hygiene	27%	145	580	15
Clothing and shoes	22%	268	1000	25
Baby needs	18%	195	600	25
Transportation	12%	84	960	10
Energy	11%	98	400	10
Wash	10%	51	20	100
Debt Repayment	7%	252	500	10
Home/Shelter	9%	331	1000	25
Telecommunications	3%	32	200	12
Other	2%	218	680	20

Assistance Modality

In-kind vs Cash Assistance. According to PDM results, a large majority of respondents prefer to receive unrestricted cash assistance for their basic needs (76%) as it gives them flexibility. However, 18% prefers the option of a mix between cash assistance and in-kind: this is likely related to the unavailability of numerous goods in the markets.

Table 1: Preferred Assistance Modality

Preferred assistance modality	% of Respondents
Unrestricted cash assistance	76%
Mix of cash and in-kind assistance	18%
In-kind assistance (food, non-food items, or other physical goods)	5%
Cash-based transfers including E-vouchers (to be redeemed at specific vendors/markets)	1%

Other Assistance Received in the Last Month: In May, just 14% of UNICEF recipients reported receiving any in-kind assistance, and this marks a sharp decline compared to April, when 48% received in-kind assistance. In May, 2% received other services (same as in April), and only 1% received cash assistance from other organizations (versus 4% in April). This

Digital payments

Based on our market interviews, 30% of vendors accept digital payments. The reasons for not accepting digital payments are related to the fact that that suppliers ask to be paid in hard currency. This result differs depending on the goods that are sold by the shop/stall. For instance, among the shops selling hygiene products 40% accepted digital payments, in the case of baby needs 45%, and for healthcare products 72%.

Goods sold	Total	% accepting digital payments
Healthcare	25	72%
Baby needs	38	45%
Hygiene	57	40%
Communication	10	40%
Shelter	18	39%
Clothing	11	36%
Food	129	22%
Food only	95	14%
Energy	18	11%

Moreover, shops in a permanent structure/building tend to accept digital payments more frequently (48%). Almost none of the vendors admits charging a premium for digital payments (only 4% of the 73 who accept digital payments), but evidence from interviews with recipients and other informants confirms that this does happen. Interestingly, 76% of those accepting digital payments through e-wallets were not using e-wallets before the conflict.

Security

Security and order are negatively impacted by the constant worsening of the socio-economic situation, a situation in which people have reached extreme levels of desperation. Vendors were asked about their perspective on security issues:

- 49% of vendors are are worried about robberies (including to clients), and 5% mention robbery-related incidents
- 23% are worried about looting, and 8% mention looting incidents

In February- during the ceasefire - both preoccupation for and occurrence of such security incidents were way lower: Incidents of robbery were mentioned only by 2% of vendors and of looting 1%. Concerns of robbery were mentioned by 10% and concerns of looting by 3%.

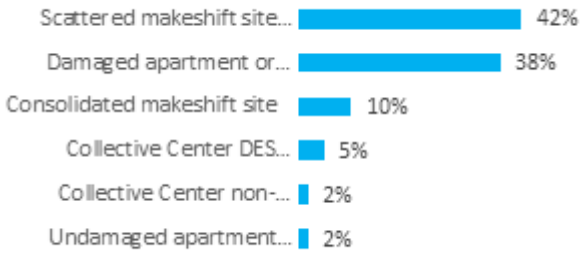
Annex 1 (respondents demographics)

Households Characteristics:

	Living together	7
	Family size	6
	Number of adults	2
	Number of children	3

The absolute majority of PDM respondents (65%) were female, consistent with the program's targeting strategy. Nearly all households surveyed (99%) reported being displaced at least once since the escalation of hostilities on October 7, 2023, with a striking 69% still displaced at the time of data collection. On average, households had experienced **six separate displacements**, illustrating both the volatility of the conflict and the compounding strain on household resilience.

The largest portion of PDM respondents (42%) reported living in **scattered makeshift sites**, reflecting the widespread displacement and destruction of housing infrastructure. This was followed by those residing in **damaged apartments or residences (38%)** and **consolidated makeshift sites (10%)**. Alarmingly, only **2%** of beneficiaries indicated that they were living in **undamaged buildings**.



Among all beneficiary households, **29%** reported having at least one member with a disability. Notably, **14%** of households indicated that the person with a disability was a **child**.

Annex 2: Prices

North Gaza Governorate										
Items	UNIT	Week 3 of the ceasefire (10 Feb - 16 Feb)	Week 4 of the ceasefire (17 Feb - 23 Feb)	Week 5 of the ceasefire (24 Feb - 2 Mar)	Week 1 of the borders closure (3 - 10 Mar)	Week 2 of the borders closure (10 - 13 Mar)	10 - 13 April	11 - 15 May	% Change: Week 3 of the ceasefire and Week 10 -15 May	% Change: Week 10 - 13 April and Week 10-15 May
		Median Prices in NIS							Percentage %	
Vegetable basket										
Onion	**1 KG**	5	5	6	11	11	28	60	**1100%**	**114%**
Tomato	**1 KG**	6	6	9	11	9	18	32	**433%**	**78%**
Potato	**1 KG**	5	5	8	22	30	48	35	**600%**	**-27%**
Cucumber	**1 KG**	10	9	10	18	12	18	25	**150%**	**39%**
Eggplant	**1 KG**	10	10	12	21	20	24	25	**150%**	**4%**
Animal products										
Yogurt	**1 KG**	16	18	19	24	Not available	Not available	24	**51%**	**N/A**
Egg	**6 un**	8	6	6	6	9	Not available	Not available	**Not available**	**Not available**
Milk	**1 L**	Not available	10	9	10	10	15	Not available	**Not available**	**Not available**
Canned tuna	**160 gm**	2	2	2	2	3	7	14	**600%**	**100%**
Red & White meat										
Chicken meat	**1 KG**	22	21	20	40	Not available	Not available	Not available	**Not available**	**Not available**
Beef meat	**1 KG**	43	45	45	65	Not available	Not available	Not available	**Not available**	**Not available**
Sheep meat	**1 KG**	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	**Not available**	**Not available**
Turkey meat	**1 KG**	23	17	17	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	**Not available**	**Not available**
Condiments										
Salt	**1 KG**	2	2	2	4	8	14	25	**1150%**	**79%**
Sugar	**1 KG**	7	7	6	8	8	30	75	**971%**	**150%**
Vegetable oil	**1 L**	9	10	10	10	11	40	70	**678%**	**75%**
Grains										
Rice	**1 KG**	10	10	8	10	10	15	22	**120%**	**47%**
Flour	**1 KG**	2	2	1	2	2	7	55	**2192%**	**709%**
Nuts and legumes										
Red lentils	**1 KG**	2	2	2	2	2	5	15	**650%**	**200%**
White beans	**1 KG**	7	5	7	6	7	12	23	**229%**	**92%**

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		Median Prices in NIS							Percentage %	
Chickpeas	1 KG	5	5	4	5	5	13	25	456%	92%
Canned fava bean	380 gm	2	1	1	2	3	5	10	567%	108%
Canned beans	380 gm	1	1	1	1	1	2	4	600%	75%
Hygiene items										
Dishwashing liquid soap	1 L	8	10	10	14	14	18	16	100%	-11%
Bar soap	150 ml	2	2	3	4	5	5	8	300%	60%
Toothpaste	100 ml	4	3	5	3	2	7	5	43%	-29%
Toothbrush	1 un	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	100%	0%
Sanitary pad	1 un	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	179%	0%
Toilet paper	1 un	2	2	2	2	3	5	6	267%	10%
Baby diaper	1 un	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	170%	27%
Hand sanitizer	500 ml	5	5	5	7	5	5	11	144%	128%
Shampo	400 ml	9	12	10	12	15	20	20	116%	0%
Detergent	1 L	16	13	15	8	Not available	28	15	-7%	-45%
Chlorine	1 L	8	8	9	10	15	20	23	200%	13%
Shelter items										
Blanket	1 un	35	40	25	15	15	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Mattress	1 un	60	50	50	30	30	80	70	17%	-13%
Winterization										
Winter boots	1 un	65	65	50	65	60	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Winter thick socks	1 Pair	5	4	4	4	3	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Pharmacy										
Antiseptic iodine	60 ml	6	6	6	8	6	Not available	10	67%	N/A
Trufen	12 un	10	10	10	5	12	12	15	50%	25%
Energy										
Firewood	1 KG	Not available	3	Not available	Not available	Not available	3	4	N/A	17%

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		Median Prices in NIS							Percentage %	
Coal	1 KG	14	16	18	15	18	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Gas	1 KG	30	39	48	100	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Diesel	1 L	Not available	Not available	22	43	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Gasoline	1 L	Not available	Not available	120	120	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Telecommunications										
100 mb internet cards	100 mb pre paid card	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Internet cards	1 Hour	1	1	Not available	0.2	2	0.3	0.6	-40%	82%
10 shekels prepaids	10 Nis pre paid Card	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	0%	0%

Gaza Governorate										
Items	Unit	Week 3 of the ceasefire (10 Feb - 16 Feb)	Week 4 of the ceasefire (17 Feb - 23 Feb)	Week 5 of the ceasefire (24 Feb - 2 Mar)	Week 1 of the borders closure (3 - 10 Mar)	Week 2 of the borders closure (11 - 13 Mar)	10 - 13 April	10 - 15 May	% Change: Week 3 of the ceasefire and Week 10 -15 May	% Change: Week 10 - 13 April and Week 10-15 May
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Vegetable basket										
Onion	1 KG	5	5	5	9	10	22	60	1100%	173%
Tomato	1 KG	6	5	7	10	10	17	30	400%	82%
Potato	1 KG	5	5	7	18	25	45	32	530%	-30%
Cucumber	1 KG	10	8	8	17	10	17	23	125%	32%
Eggplant	1 KG	10	9	10	20	20	25	25	150%	0%
Animal products										
Yogurt	1 KG	20	20	20	20	20	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Egg	6 un	7	5	5	6	7	Not available	63	855%	N/A
Milk (liquid)	1 L	8	10	10	10	10	14	Not available	Not available	Not available

Gaza Governorate										
Items	Unit	Week 3 of the ceasefire (10 Feb - 16 Feb)	Week 4 of the ceasefire (17 Feb - 23 Feb)	Week 5 of the ceasefire (24 Feb - 2 Mar)	Week 1 of the borders closure (3 - 10 Mar)	Week 2 of the borders closure (11 - 13 Mar)	10 - 13 April	10 - 15 May	% Change: Week 3 of the ceasefire and Week 10 -15 May	% Change: Week 10 - 13 April and Week 10-15 May
		Median Prices in NIS							Percentage %	
Canned tuna	160 gm	2	2	2	2	2	8	15	650%	88%
Red & White meat										
Chicken meat	1 KG	21	20	20	43	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Beef meat	1 KG	40	33	50	55	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Sheep meat	1 KG	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Turkey meat	1 KG	20	18	33	48	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Condiments										
Salt	1 KG	1	1	2	2	2	9	18	1700%	100%
Sugar	1 KG	6	6	6	8	7	25	70	1067%	180%
Vegetable oil	1 L	8	9	9	10	12	35	68	744%	93%
Grains										
Rice	1 KG	5	4	4	5	5	10	23	350%	125%
Flour	1 KG	1	1	1	2	Not available	5	40	3233%	669%
Nuts and legumes										
Red lentils	1 KG	2	1	1	1	1	6	15	650%	150%
White beans	1 KG	6	6	4	5	5	12	22	258%	79%
Chickpeas	1 KG	5	3	5	5	5	15	25	400%	67%
Canned fava bean	380 gm	1	1	1	2	2	5	8	700%	60%
Canned beans	380 gm	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.2	3	5	4900%	67%
Hygiene items										
Dishwashing liquid soap	1 L	12	10	10	10	10	33	15	25%	-55%
Bar soap	150 ml	2	1	1	1	1	9	3	50%	-67%
Toothpaste	100 ml	4	4	4	4	5	10	5	25%	-50%
Toothbrush	1 un	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	0%	-50%
Sanitary pad	1 un	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	80%	-25%
Toilet paper	1 un	2	2	2	2	2	4	8	300%	100%

Gaza Governorate										
Items	Unit	Week 3 of the ceasefire (10 Feb - 16 Feb)	Week 4 of the ceasefire (17 Feb - 23 Feb)	Week 5 of the ceasefire (24 Feb - 2 Mar)	Week 1 of the borders closure (3 - 10 Mar)	Week 2 of the borders closure (11 - 13 Mar)	10 - 13 April	10 - 15 May	% Change: Week 3 of the ceasefire and Week 10 -15 May	% Change: Week 10 - 13 April and Week 10-15 May
		Median Prices in NIS							Percentage %	
Baby diaper	1 un	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	173%	64%
Hand sanitizer	500 ml	8	8	8	8	7	5	15	88%	200%
Shampo	400 ml	15	15	15	15	15	17	20	33%	17%
Detergent	1 L	15	15	15	15	15	18	17	10%	-8%
Chlorine	1 L	7	7	5	4	4	15	15	114%	0%
Shelter items										
Blanket	1 un	30	30	25	20	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Mattress	1 un	60	60	50	50	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Winterization										
Winter boots	1 un	180	175	145	155	140	55	65	-64%	18%
Winter thick socks	1 Pair	8	5	5	3	3	3	5	-38%	100%
Pharmacy										
Antiseptic iodine	60 ml	4	5	5	5	6	10	9	114%	-10%
Trufen	12 un	11	11	12	12	12	12	10	-11%	-18%
Energy										
Firewood	1 KG	2	3	3	4	3	3	4	100%	33%
Coal	1 KG	15	15	15	17	17	23	23	50%	0%
Gas	1 KG	40	40	40	73	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Diesel	1 L	35	23	23	38	40	44	67	90%	53%
Gasoline	1 L	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	60	55	N/A	-8%
Telecommunications										
100 mb internet cards	100 mb prepaid card	Not available	Not available	6	5	5	5	5	N/A	0%
Internet cards	1 Hour	Not available	Not available	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.3	N/A	0%

Gaza Governorate										
Items	Unit	Week 3 of the ceasefire (10 Feb - 16 Feb)	Week 4 of the ceasefire (17 Feb - 23 Feb)	Week 5 of the ceasefire (24 Feb - 2 Mar)	Week 1 of the borders closure (3 - 10 Mar)	Week 2 of the borders closure (11 - 13 Mar)	10 - 13 April	10 - 15 May	% Change: Week 3 of the ceasefire and Week 10 -15 May	% Change: Week 10 - 13 April and Week 10-15 May
		Median Prices in NIS							Percentage %	
10 shekels prepaids	10 Nis prep aid Card	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	0%	0%

Deir Al-Balah Governorate										
Items	UNIT	Week 3 of the ceasefire (10 Feb - 16 Feb)	Week 4 of the ceasefire (17 Feb - 23 Feb)	Week 5 of the ceasefire (24 Feb - 2 Mar)	Week 1 of the borders closure (3 - 10 Mar)	Week 2 of the borders closure (11 - 13 Mar)	10 - 13 April	10 - 15 May	% Change: Week 3 of the ceasefire and Week 10 -15 May	% Change: Week 10 - 13 April and Week 10-15 May
		Median Prices in NIS							Percentage %	
Vegetable basket										
Onion	1 KG	5	5	5	10	10	23	60	1100%	161%
Tomato	1 KG	7	5	7	10	8	17	31	336%	79%
Potato	1 KG	5	5	8	18	28	50	36	620%	-28%
Cucumber	1 KG	10	8	8	12	12	18	23	130%	28%
Eggplant	1 KG	9	8	11	20	20	25	25	172%	0%
Animal products										
Yogurt	1 KG	20	20	20	20	18	20	Not available	Not available	Not available
Egg	6 un	6	5	5	6	10	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Milk	1 L	10	10	10	10	10	15	Not available	Not available	Not available
Canned tuna	160 gm	4	4	2	2	2	6	13	230%	132%
Red & White meat										
Chicken meat	1 KG	24	20	20	36	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Beef meat	1 KG	45	40	39	58	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Sheep meat	1 KG	Not available	Not available	Not available	260	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Turkey meat	1 KG	29	23	21	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Condiments										
Salt	1 KG	4	4	4	4	4	15	20	400%	38%
Sugar	1 KG	6	6	6	7	7	28	83	1275%	200%
Vegetable oil	1 L	9	9	9	10	10	30	65	622%	117%
Grains										

Deir Al-Balah Governorate										
Items	UNIT	Week 3 of the ceasefire (10 Feb - 16 Feb)	Week 4 of the ceasefire (17 Feb - 23 Feb)	Week 5 of the ceasefire (24 Feb - 2 Mar)	Week 1 of the borders closure (3 - 10 Mar)	Week 2 of the borders closure (11 - 13 Mar)	10 - 13 April	10 - 15 May	% Change: Week 3 of the ceasefire and Week 10 -15 May	% Change: Week 10 - 13 April and Week 10-15 May
		Median Prices in NIS							Percentage %	
Rice	1 KG	10	9	10	10	10	24	18	75%	-27%
Flour	1 KG	3	2	2	2	2	10	55	1733%	450%
Nuts and legumes										
Red lentils	1 KG	8	8	8	8	8	15	15	88%	0%
White beans	1 KG	8	7	6	7	7	11	23	181%	105%
Chickpeas	1 KG	7	5	5	5	5	10	26	271%	160%
Canned fava bean	380 gm	1	2	1	1	2	3	7	637%	109%
Canned beans	380 gm	0	0	0	1	1	2	3	504%	53%
Hygiene items										
Dishwashing liquid soap	1 L	14	14	12	13	17	32	20	43%	-37%
Bar soap	150 ml	4	5	5	4	6	7	10	167%	43%
Toothpaste	100 ml	9	8	6	7	6	6	11	18%	100%
Toothbrush	1 un	2	3	2	2	2	2	3	50%	50%
Sanitary pad	1 un	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	7%	-8%
Toilet paper	1 un	4	5	5	5	5	12	10	186%	-17%
Baby diaper	1 un	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	208%	125%
Hand sanitizer	500 ml	5	8	25	13	15	10	15	200%	50%
Shampo	400 ml	9	9	10	10	10	20	38	310%	92%
Detergent	1 L	16	16	16	16	17	17	20	27%	20%
Chlorine	1 L	15	15	15	15	15	20	15	0%	-25%
Shelter items										
Blanket	1 un	Not available	28	27	25	30	20	25	N/A	25%
Mattress	1 un	Not available	70	70	60	Not available	60	85	N/A	42%
Winterization										
Winter boots	1 un	100	60	50	45	50	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available

Deir Al-Balah Governorate										
Items	**UNIT**	**Week 3 of the ceasefire (10 Feb - 16 Feb)**	**Week 4 of the ceasefire (17 Feb - 23 Feb)**	**Week 5 of the ceasefire (24 Feb - 2 Mar)**	**Week 1 of the borders closure (3 - 10 Mar)**	**Week 2 of the borders closure (11 - 13 Mar)**	**10 - 13 April**	**10 - 15 May**	**% Change: Week 3 of the ceasefire and Week 10 -15 May**	**% Change: Week 10 - 13 April and Week 10-15 May**
		Median Prices in NIS							**Percentage %**	
Winter thick socks	**1 Pair**	Not available	Not available	2	1	Not available	Not available	Not available	**Not available**	**Not available**
Pharmacy										
Antiseptic iodine	**60 ml**	6	5	5	6	6	6	7	**8%**	**18%**
Trufen	**12 un**	10	8	7	7	8	8	12	**20%**	**43%**
Energy										
Firewood	**1 KG**	2	2	2	2	2	4	4	**100%**	**14%**
Coal	**1 KG**	20	17	18	20	20	20	Not available	**Not available**	**Not available**
Gas	**1 KG**	33	35	8	80	Not available	Not available	Not available	**Not available**	**Not available**
Diesel	**1 L**	30	21	20	35	Not available	44	40	**33%**	**-9%**
Gasoline	**1 L**	100	85	Not available	120	Not available	Not available	80	**-20%**	**N/A**
Telecommunications										
100 mb internet cards	**100 mb prepaid card**	Not available	Not available	20	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	**Not available**	**Not available**
Internet cards	**1 Hour**	Not available	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.8	0.3	**N/A**	**-60%**
10 shekels prepaids	**10 Nis prepaid Card**	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	**0%**	**0%**

Khan Younis Governorate										
Items	**UNIT**	**Week 3 of the ceasefire (10 Feb - 16 Feb)**	**Week 4 of the ceasefire (17 Feb - 23 Feb)**	**Week 5 of the ceasefire (24 Feb - 2 Mar)**	**Week 1 of the borders closure (3 - 10 Mar)**	**Week 2 of the borders closure (11 - 13 Mar)**	**10 - 13 April**	**10 - 15 May**	**% Change: Week 3 of the ceasefire and Week 10 -15 May**	**% Change: Week 10 - 13 April and Week 10-15 May**
		Median Prices in NIS							**Percentage %**	
Vegetable basket										
Onion	**1 KG**	5	5	5	9	10	20	60	**1100%**	**200%**
Tomato	**1 KG**	6	5	7	10	10	16	30	**445%**	**88%**

Khan Younis Governorate										
Items	UNIT	Week 3 of the ceasefire (10 Feb - 16 Feb)	Week 4 of the ceasefire (17 Feb - 23 Feb)	Week 5 of the ceasefire (24 Feb - 2 Mar)	Week 1 of the borders closure (3 - 10 Mar)	Week 2 of the borders closure (11 - 13 Mar)	10 - 13 April	10 - 15 May	% Change: Week 3 of the ceasefire and Week 10 -15 May	% Change: Week 10 - 13 April and Week 10-15 May
		Median Prices in NIS							Percentage %	
Potato	1 KG	5	5	8	15	30	45	35	600%	-22%
Cucumber	1 KG	10	8	7	14	12	17	24	153%	41%
Eggplant	1 KG	7	8	11	20	20	23	25	257%	9%
Animal products										
Yogurt	1 KG	20	20	20	20	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Egg	6 un	6	5	5	5	8	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Milk	1 L	10	10	10	10	10	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Canned tuna	160 gm	2	1	1	2	1	4	10	400%	150%
Red & White meat										
Chicken meat	1 KG	23	21	23	30	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Beef meat	1 KG	45	44	40	50	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Sheep meat	1 KG	Not available	78	46	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Turkey meat	1 KG	32	30	33	40	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Condiments										
Salt	1 KG	5	4	4	5	5	10	20	300%	100%
Sugar	1 KG	6	6	6	7	8	25	88	1367%	252%
Vegetable oil	1 L	8	9	8	10	12	30	55	588%	83%
Grains										
Rice	1 KG	9	8	9	10	10	15	20	122%	33%
Flour	1 KG	3	2	2	3	2	8	Not available	Not available	Not available
Nuts and legumes										
Red lentils	1 KG	8	7	8	8	10	6	14	80%	125%
White beans	1 KG	7	7	5	7	8	12	20	186%	67%
Chickpeas	1 KG	6	5	4	5	7	10	23	283%	130%
Canned fava bean	380 gm	1	1	1	1	1	4	5	400%	43%

Khan Younis Governorate										
Items	UNIT	Week 3 of the ceasefire (10 Feb - 16 Feb)	Week 4 of the ceasefire (17 Feb - 23 Feb)	Week 5 of the ceasefire (24 Feb - 2 Mar)	Week 1 of the borders closure (3 - 10 Mar)	Week 2 of the borders closure (11 - 13 Mar)	10 - 13 April	10 - 15 May	% Change: Week 3 of the ceasefire and Week 10 -15 May	% Change: Week 10 - 13 April and Week 10-15 May
		Median Prices in NIS							Percentage %	
Canned beans	380 gm	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	500%	100%
Hygiene items										
Dishwashing liquid soap	1 L	13	13	12	12	12	33	20	54%	-40%
Bar soap	150 ml	4	4	4	4	4	9	15	329%	67%
Toothpaste	100 ml	8	6	5	7	7	10	7	-13%	-30%
Toothbrush	1 un	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	0%	0%
Sanitary pad	1 un	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	100%	0%
Toilet paper	1 un	6	5	6	6	5	4	7	17%	75%
Baby diaper	1 un	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	130%	84%
Hand sanitizer	500 ml	5	5	5	5	5	5	12	130%	130%
Shampo	400 ml	17	14	15	17	23	17	18	6%	5%
Detergent	1 L	14	15	16	16	13	18	22	60%	22%
Chlorine	1 L	13	10	14	15	15	15	20	60%	33%
Shelter items										
Blanket	1 un	73	100	60	25	Not available	45	Not available	Not available	Not available
Mattress	1 un	85	80	60	80	Not available	70	65	-24%	-7%
Winterization										
Winter boots	1 un	100	65	80	70	80	100	30	-70%	-70%
Winter thick socks	1 Pair	2	3	2	2	2	80	5	150%	-94%
Pharmacy										
Antiseptic iodine	60 ml	5	5	5	5	5	4	5	0%	25%
Trufen	12 un	10	10	11	6	6	8	12	25%	43%
Energy										
Firewood	1 KG	3	2	3	3	Not available	5	5	67%	0%
Coal	1 KG	20	25	17	20	20	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Gas	1 KG	35	35	39	100	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available

Khan Younis Governorate										
Items	**UNIT**	**Week 3 of the ceasefire (10 Feb - 16 Feb)**	**Week 4 of the ceasefire (17 Feb - 23 Feb)**	**Week 5 of the ceasefire (24 Feb - 2 Mar)**	**Week 1 of the borders closure (3 - 10 Mar)**	**Week 2 of the borders closure (11 - 13 Mar)**	**10 - 13 April**	**10 - 15 May**	**% Change: Week 3 of the ceasefire and Week 10 -15 May**	**% Change: Week 10 - 13 April and Week 10-15 May**
		Median Prices in NIS							**Percentage %**	
Diesel	**1 L**	30	23	20	40	Not available	45	Not available	**Not available**	**Not available**
Gasoline	**1 L**	120	100	90	110	Not available	Not available	Not available	**Not available**	**Not available**
Telecommunications										
100 mb internet cards	**100 mb prepaid card**	Not available	Not available	15	15	15	Not available	Not available	**Not available**	**Not available**
Internet cards	**1 Hour**	1	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	0.2	0.1	**-83%**	**-41%**
10 shekels prepaids	**10 Nis prepaid Card**	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	**0%**	**0%**